• telight

LiveCodim

3-in-1 imaging platform

Widefield - Confocal - Super-resolution



Gentle super-resolution for living cells

- Up to 90 nm lateral resolution
- Substantially reduced phototoxicity
- Little-to-no photobleaching
- Multicolor: up to 4 lasers lines covering the whole visible spectrum
- Deeper scanning up to 500 µm

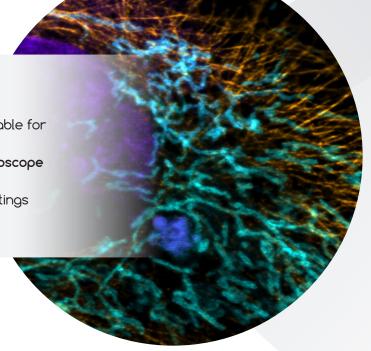


Easy-to-use and flexible

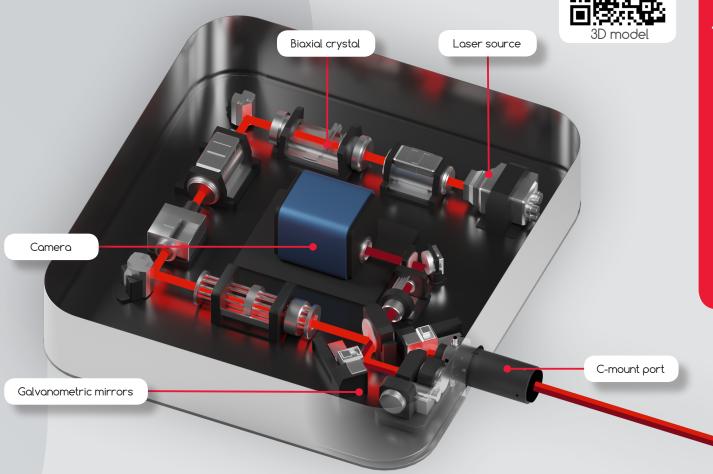
- No need to modify sample preparation from what would be done for confocal imaging
- Simple and user-friendly software
- 3-in-1 imaging options: widefield, confocal and super-resolution

Achromatic and modular

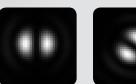
- No fluorophore restrictions: customizable for 400-1000 nm
- Compatible with any commercial microscope with available left or right side port
- Compatible with incubator and CO₂ fittings
- All images output in TIFF format



LiveCodim is based on conical diffraction to produce localized structured illumination and generate super-resolved images.



It exploits the properties of a biaxial crystal to generate patterns of light that have a sharply oriented region of darkness between two lobes of light. These patterns of light are focused on the sample and rotated in three orientations.

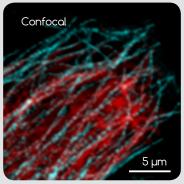






The resulting fluorescence signal is collected on a camera and used to reconstruct the immediate surroundings of the scanned area. LiveCodim converts a standard widefield microscope to one with confocal and super-resolution capabilities.



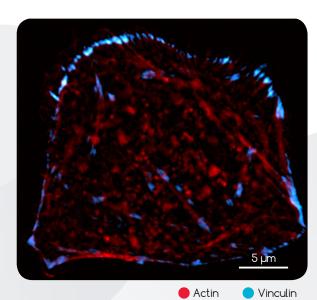




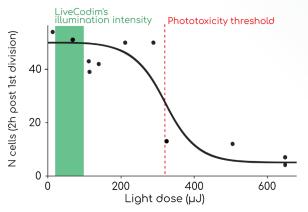
3D projection of the microtubule network

1.6 µm

Dynamics of the focal adhesion sites in an MDCK cell



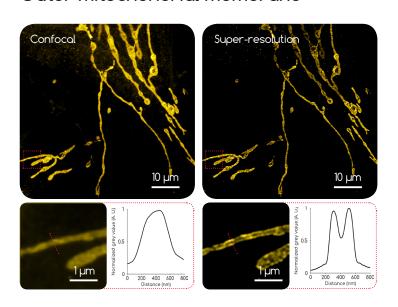
Phototoxicity curve for confocal laser scanning microscopy



The green region represents the range of light intensities used in LiveCodim's super-resolution mode.

Depth penetration LiveCodim True optical super-resolution Gentle imaging

Outer mitochondrial membrane



Benefitting from true optical super-resolution, LiveCodim achieves 90 nm of lateral resolution using gentle illumination, meaning little-to-no photobleaching or phototoxicity to ensure the highest protection of living or fixed samples. Thanks to its confocal-like laser-scanning geometry, it retains comparable depth penetration advantages.

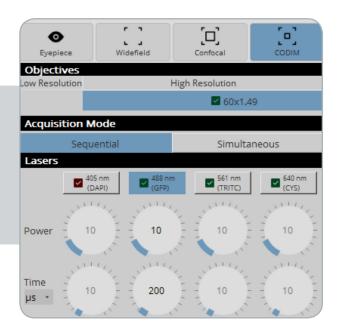
The images on the left are taken in confocal mode and compared to super-resolution mode on the right. The inserts are higher magnifications of the region bounded by the red dashed squares.

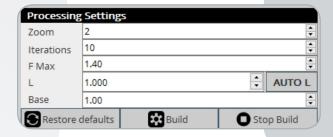
Plots of normalized intensity profiles along the red lines.

LiveCodim's software: an intuitive user interface to perform multi-modal imaging and processing.

Acquire

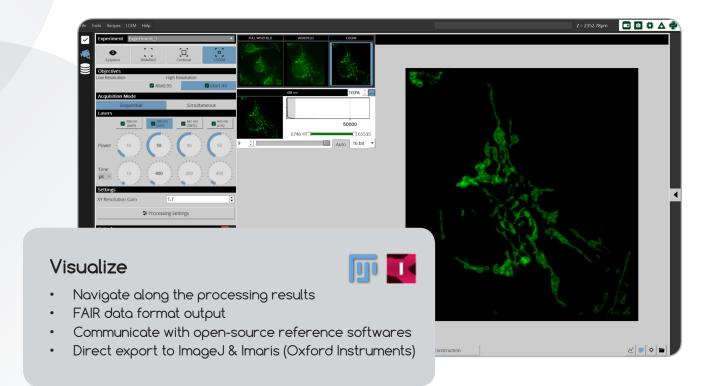
- Switch between imaging modes with a click
- Simple interface to define the acquisition settings



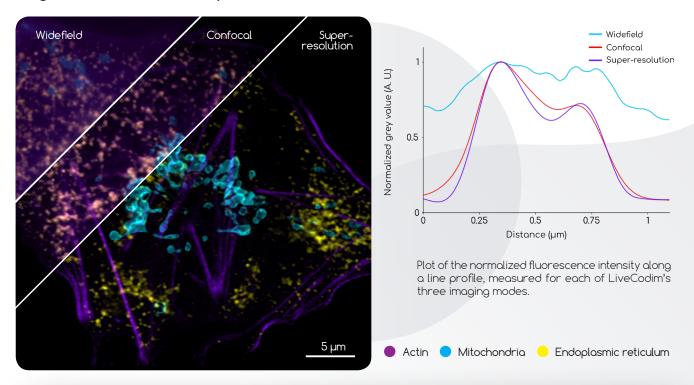


Process

- Tune the processing parameters
- Unique reconstruction algorithm
- Fast results thanks to GPU-based acceleration



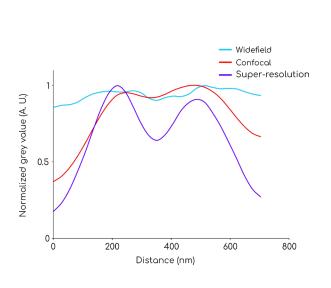
Multicolor LiveCodim images of cellular organelles and actin cytoskeleton

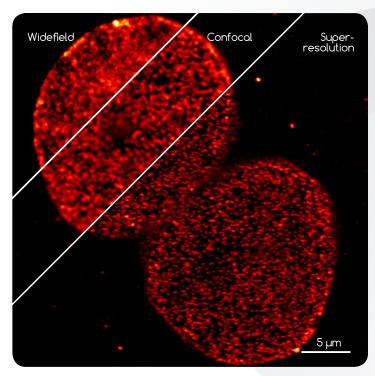


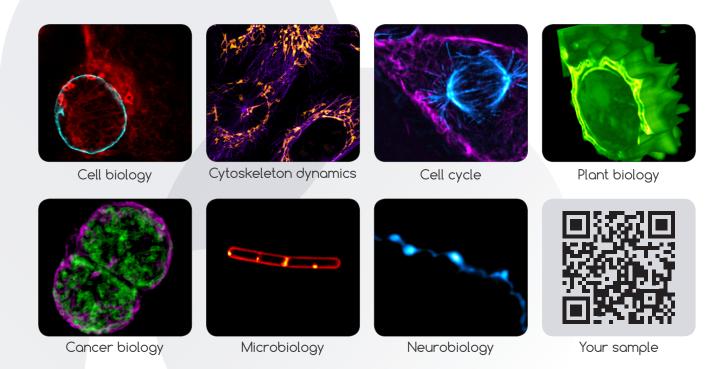
Explore the unseen

Double your lateral resolution and access the finest details of your samples

Multi-modal images of the nuclear pore complex







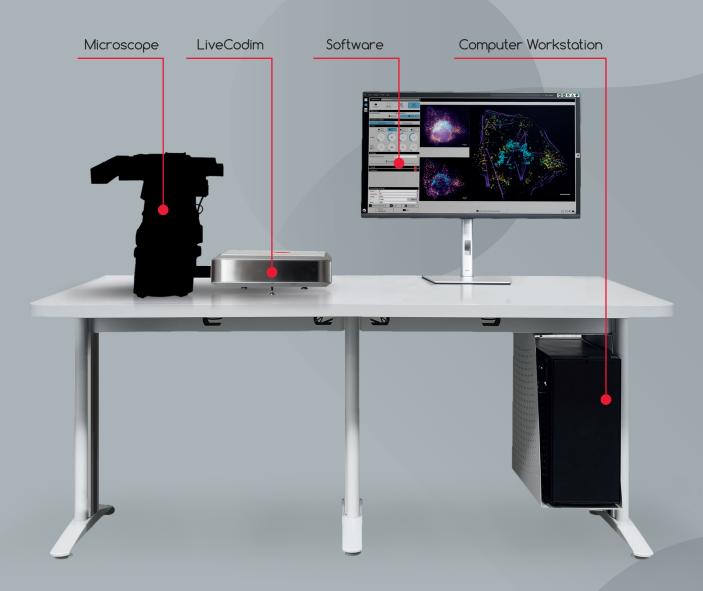
Widefield light source	CoolLED – 16 wavelengths from 365 nm to 770 nm
Laser lines	405 / 488 / 561 / 640 nm (customizable upon request)
Lateral resolution	90 nm at 488 nm wavelength
Axial resolution	500 nm at 488 nm wavelength
Field of view	60 x 60 µm with 60x 1.49 NA objective
Acquisition speed	~ 2 s for 10 x 10 µm
Software	Automated and adaptive super-resolution image processing Fast switching between image acquisition modes Intuitive user-friendly interface
File format	OME-TIFF universal format
Fluorophore compatibility	Visible to near-infrared
Dimensions	52 x 48 x 14.5 cm
Port	Right or left C-mount port Other ports can also be adapted for fitting
Filter turret	Automated
XYZ stage	Recommended automated
Objective	60/63x 1.49 NA (or higher) oil immersion for maximum resolution provided upon request

Page 2: Top = Resolution test using 90 nm GATTAQuant nanorulers, acquired with 488 nm laser illumination; Middle = Multi-modal imaging of microtubules, labeled with anti-tubulin-Alexa Fluor 555. From left to right: widefield, confocal and super-resolution resulting images; Bottom = 4-color image of GATTA-Cell 4C, revealing the nucleic acids (purple), mitochondria (cyan), microtubules (orange) and actin (magenta).

Page 3: Center = Images of the 3 patterns of light Live/Codim uses to generate super-resolution images; Bottom = from left to right, widefield, confocal and super-resolution images of intermediate filament (red) and microtubule (cyan) networks of a huVEC cell. Sample courtesy of Claire Leclech - Ecole Polytechnique - Palaiseau.

Page 4: Top left = 3D projection of a z-stack of anti-tubulin-labeled microtubules from deep (violet) to superficial (white) from a human fibroblast (hu-FIB, GATTA-Cell); Top right = Live cell imaging of an MDCK cell labeled for vinculin (blue) and actin (red). Sample courtesy of Tomáš Groušl – Institute of Microbiology of the CAS – Prague; Center right = Phototoxicity curve for confocal laser scanning microscopy, adapted from Caron et al, 2014. The green region represents the range of light intensities used in LiveCodim super-resolution mode; Bottom = outer mitochondrial membrane labeled with anti-TOMM22-Alexa Fluor 488. The images on the left are taken in confocal mode and compared to super-resolution mode on the right; Inserts: Higher magnification of the regions limited by the red dashed squares. Plots of normalized intensity profiles along the red lines. Sample courtesy of Ana Oña - CNB-CSIC - Madrid.

Page 6: Top = HBMEC cells labelled with anti-TOMM22-Alexa Fluor 488 (cyan), phalloidin-TRITC (purple) and anti-PDI-Alexa Fluor 647 (yellow); Sample courtesy of Ana Oña - CNB-CSIC - Madrid; Bottom = Multi-modal image of U2OS cells labelled with anti-Nup96-Alexa Fluor 555 (GATTAQuant®). Page 7: Cell biology = HeLa cell labeled with anti-lamin A/C-Alexa Fluor 488 (nuclear envelope - cyan) and anti-giantin-Alexa Fluor 647 (Golgi apparatus - red); Cytoskeleton dynamics = huFIB labeled with anti-TOM20-Alexa Fluor 488 (mitochondria, in orange) and anti-tubulin-Alexa Fluor 561 (microtubules, in purple); Cell cycle: mitotic spindle in COS-7 cells labeled with SiR-actin (magenta) and anti-tubulin-TMR conjugated antibodies (cyan); Plant biology: 3D reconstruction of a daisy pollen grain; Cancer biology: COS-7 cells labeled with SiR-actin (magenta) and anti-TOM20-Alexa Fluor 488 (green); Microbiology: Bacillus subtilis labeled with Nile Red lipid dye; Neurobiology: cortical neurons expressing GFP captured in mouse brain slices.



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174 quai de Jemmapes 75010 PARIS France

info@telight.eu www.telight.eu



Telight LiveCodim has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation program under grant agreement No. 811988 - LiveCodim